Connolly, Associated Press, Memphis; W. Collier, Appeal-Avalanche, Memphis; A. Aikens, Milwaukee Wisconsin; Horace Rublee, Milwaukee Sentinel; E. W. Coleman, H. H. Coleman and H. A. Coleman, Milwaukee Herold; W. J. Murphy, Minneapolis Tribune; L. Swift and W. E. Haskell, Minneapolis Journal; Joseph Van Head, Nashville American; G. H. Basketts, Nashville Banner; R. A. Corrigan and Bradford Morrill, New York Press; J. S. Sey-mour and Horace White, New York Evening Post; Charles E. Hasbrouck, New York Commercial Advertiser; S. S. Carvalho, New York World; E. Rosewater, Omaha Bee; R. J. Cooke, Philadelphia Press; Clayton McMichael, Philadelphia North American; W. A. Connor, Associated Press, Philadelphia; James Elverwon, jr., Philadelphia Inquirer; William F. McCully, Philadelphia Evening Bulletin; Robert Simpson, Pitts-burg Commercial-Gazette; C. S. Herschman and H. P. Ford, Chronicle Telegraph, Pittsburg; Fred J. Grant, Pittsburg Dis-patch; A. J. Barr, Pittsburg Post; H. W. Scott, Portland Oregonian; Louis Wiley, Rochester, Post-Dispatch; Frank Grice, San Antonio, Tex., Express; I. F. Mack, Sandusky Register; A. F. Langtry, Springfield, Mass., Union; F. D. White, St. Louis Post-Dispatch; D. M. Houser, Globe-Democrat, St. Louis; Charles W. Knapp, St. Louis Republic; John Schroers, Anzeiger des Westerns, St. Louis; William K. Kennor, St. Louis Westliche Post; J. A. Wheelock and Frederick Driscoll, St. Paul Pioneer-Press; George Thompson, St. Paul Dispatch; W. F. Glendenin, Springfield (Ill.) Register; Arthur Lenkins, Springfield (Ill.) Register; Arthur Jenkins, Syracuse Herald; George M. Allen, Terre Haute Express; William C. Ball, Terre Haute Gazette; H. C. Vortriede, Toledo Commercial; Frank P. Mc-Lennan, Topeka State Journal; F. B. Noyes, Washington Star; Charles H. Taney, Wheeling Register; John Frew, Wheeling Intelligencer; A. L. Clark, San Francisco Chronicle; V. S. McClatchy, Sacramento Bee; W. J. Abbott, Chicago Times; P. C. Boyle, Oil City (Pa.) Derrick; Major Moses P. Handy, H. P. Myrick, Milwaukee Sentinel; W. Druhe, St. Louis America; W. C. McBride, Cincinnati Enquirer.

TRIBUTE TO MR. ELVERSON. It was a rather entertaining spectacle to see the men whose business it has been to record the doings of others get down themselves to the task of stowing away edibles and having their own doings spread out for the delectation of the public. The tables were arranged in the form of a square, open at one end, and with a center piece extending down the middle. Opposite the eastern terminus of this center piece was the head of the table, so far as it had any head, and at this point was ensconced Mr. William Penn Nixon, of the Chicago Inter Ocean, the presiding officer of the entertainment. Then followed the passing of the loving cup. After the loving cup had been passed around, General Manager Stone proposed the health of James Elverson, jr., of the Philadelphia Inquirer, in these words:

"Mr. President-There is one friend of the Associated Press, one who is very near and very dear to all, who is lying sick at the Auditorium Hotel to-night. He would have been here had it been possible. I ask this company to join me in one round to the health of Jimmie Elverson, the brave manager of the Philadelphia Inquirer. (Cheers.) You all know what a loyal, brave heart our afflicted friend bears in his bosom. It is hardly necessary, knowing him as you do, that I should say anything in commendation of this superb quality which he possesses, but I cannot refrain from mentioning an incident which occurred lately in his experience, which illustrates the steadfastness with which he clings to his friends. When the threat came to him one night that he would be cut off from a certain New York paper if he dared to go to the Associated Press, on the following morning he printed at the head of his editorial page: This paper is a member of the Associated

This evidence of loyalty to the organization was received with hearty cheers by the company. The toast proposed by Mr. Stone was drunk standing and many expressions of sympathy for the sufferer were exchanged among the gentlemen present. During the progress of the banquet the proceedings were enlivened by classic music. When the bountiful feast had been fully disposed of President Nixon rapped for order and announced that the intellectual end of the banquet had arrived.

COMPLIMENTS SENT TO REUTER. Frederick Driscoll, of the St. Paul Pioneer-Press, presented a resolution which was unanimously adopted. He said: "Nearly one year ago, after the Associated Press held its annual meeting on the 1st of March, during the dark days when we didn't know what the future was to develop, the board of directors of the association elected a general manager and among the first instructions he received was to take a trip to Europe. The executive committee not long before that had been to New York and felt the cut of the lash when we were ordered to pay over \$40,000 from our treasurer's office within one hour and a half or have the dispatches cut off from all the papers of the West and South. We then made a high resolve that as soon as it was in our power we would never allow the papers of the West and South, or any part of the country, to be under the power of one man in that regard. (Applause and cries of 'Hear,' 'hear.') The vice president then of the United Press immediately went to Europe after serving us with this treatment that I have recorded, but like a great many other astute men, he did not proceed directly to do the business which he intended to do when he went over there. He took a pleasure trip to Nice. We sent our manager direct to London. He went to London and he made a contract, or an agreement with Herbert E. Reuter, on behalf of the English company, the French News Company and the German News Company. Herbert E. Reuter kept his word and executed the contract with our general manager and established the keystone of our independent news service before Mr. Laffan arrived in London. (Applause.) I therefore move that greeting be sent-that the president be directed to send the greetings of one hundred members of the Associated Press in banquet hall as sembled, to Herbert E. Reuter in London, with our compliments." (Applause.)

After Mr. Driscoll had concluded his re marks Gen. Felix Agnus, of the Baltimore American, arose and said:

"Mr. Chairman-It seems to me that the number is too small. I am satisfied that we have at least a thousand members of the Associated Press (applause), and I second the motion if somebody will second my amendment." (Laughter.) The motion was put by the president

and unanimously carried. The Imperial Quartet then entertained the company with "Never Take the Horseshoe from the Door," and "Alabama," which were received with Speeches were also made by S. C. Carvalho, of the New York World, who rethe New York Evening Post; Frank Richardson, of the Baltimore Sun, whose con-

sponded to the general toast, including the whole Associated Press; Horace White, of tribution of \$15,000 to the guarantee fund was now announced for the first time. amid great applause; Victor F. L. son, of the Chicago Record and News; Hanry Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal: Clayton McMichael, of the Philadelphia North American; St. Clair McKelway, of the Brooklyn Eagle; H. W. Scott, of the Portland Oregonian; L. Markbreit, of the Cincinnati Volksbiatt; H. P. Hall, of the St. Paul Globe; Arthur Jenkins, of the Syracuse Herald, and M. E. Stone, general

The company rose and joined in singing "Auld Lang Syne," and the first banquet of the new Associated Press came to a close. It was half an hour after midnight. and with the coming of the new day the company filed out of the banquet hall with brotherly congratulations upon the success celebrated by the banquet.

manager.

Two cable messages were sent to-night from the banquet hall, both signed by William Penn Nixon, president. One was addressed to Herbert D. Reuter, London, England. It read: "One hundred and one members of the Associated Press from the banquet table send greetings to Herbert D. Reuter, their faithful ally and friend.' The other message was addressed to Joseph Pulitzer, Beaulieu, Alps Memmo. It was as follows: "One hundred and one members of the Associated Press, from the banquet table, send you greetings.

Two Children Poisoned. GALLIPOLIS, O., Feb. 14.-Robert Perry and his little sister were poisoned from eat-

ing wild parsnip root and died in great agony five minutes apart. The World's Fair for Sale.

LOOK AT IT. The Michigan Central has arranged with one of the best publish-Ing houses in the United States for a beautifully printed series of world's fair pictures, to be known as the Michigan Central's Portfolio of Photographs of the World's Fair. The original photographs would cost not

Central enables you to get 16 pictures for 10 It's the finest. It's the most complete. It's the best. It cannot be beaten. If you saw the world's fair, you want it as a perpetual souvenir of a memorable

less than a dollar apiece, but the Michigan

If you didn't get there, you want this to see what you missed, and to fill your mind with its beauty and glory of the White LORDS SCORED

Britain's Upper House of Parliament Denounced by Liberals.

Bitter Speech by Sir William Harcourt That Was Applauded to the Echo-The Paris Bomb-Thrower.

PORTSMOUTH, Feb. 14.-The National Liberal Federation continued its meeting to-day with a large attendance, which included a number of members of Parliament. At this morning's meeting the delegates passed a resolution advocating reform legislation, and included the one man one vote proposition, the holding of all elections on the same day, the payment of members of Parliament and the abolition of all rating qualifications.

Mr. Robson, Q. C., moved a resolution to the effect that the habitual disregard of the national will manifested by the House of Lords was an intolerable abuse, and assuring the ministry of the enthusiastic support of the Liberals for whatever measures were adopted to secure the Commons paramount

M. Morton, M. P., in support of the resolution, asked what use there was in the House of Commons while the House of Lords was allowed to exist. The Speaker then described the House of Lords as a fraudulent company. He said that the peers used their political power for their own pecuniary interest, and expressed the opinion that it was the duty of the people to end this fraudulent proceeding. What the people wanted, continued Mr. Morton, was first a quarrel with and then the destruction of their great enemy. The resolution was finally adopted unanimously, as were other resolutions embodying the Newcastle programme.

At an enormous meeting in the Drill Hall to-night Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, ridiculed Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's idea of a national party that would sink all minor differences and had in view only the common interest of the country. He said that such a party would end, as all such parties previously formed have ended, in its projector being its last member. It had been the dream of Bolingbroke and of many inferior persons since. Passing to the question of the position of the House of Lords, Sir William declared, with much emphasis, that the bishops have been the most militant, the most aggressive antagonists of popular rights. Tumultuous cheers gave evidence of sympathy with this declaration, and, amid repeated cheers, Sir William said that the government would stand by the statement made on Tuesday by the vice president of the committee of counsel. Lord Salisbury had thrown down the gage of battle and they would not shrink from the fight. The audience here rose in a body, cheering frantically and waving hats and handkerchiefs. Sir William Harcourt went on: "We have to face probably the rashest and most reckless leader that ever headed the Tory party. So extreme have been his councils

that even his followers have shrunk from his violence. We know what we have to deal with. Misery acquaints a man with strange bedfellows. (Laughter.) They will shelter, we understand, under Mr. Chamberlain's gaberdine. Birds of a feather flock together. Mr. Chamberlain dares us to dissolve. We do not take the doctrine of the constitution from a politician who bespatters the Lords with vituperation one day and beslaves them with his adulation another day." Sir William Harcourt here quoted a speech

made by Lord Harlington, a decade ago, ridiculing the claim of the House of Lords to compel a dissolution because the House of Commons had refused to accept their amendments. If the Duke of Devonshire (who was then Lord Harlington) had forgotten his speech, Englishmen would not forget it. The work in the House of Lords during the last fortnight had marvelously opened the eyes of the public. "Give them rope enough." the speaker exclaimed; "let us have a few more such fortnights. Let it be burnt in the mind of the country that the Lords have become champions of all abuses and enemies of all reforms. To judge from the tone of Salisbury's amendments it might be supposed that we were living six centuries back, and listening to the words of Front de Boeff addressed to some Saxon churl. Let us hand up bill after bill for them to maul and mangle. When the cup is full and the time is ripe, the verdict of the people will determine once for all whether what Lord Russell calls the whisper of fashion is to prevail over the will of the people." Loud and prolonged cheers were given to Sir William when he finished his speech.

Comments of the Press.

LONDON, Feb. 15.-The Times, commenting on Sir William Harcourt's speech, says: "Such a denunciation is positively ludicrous when it is employed in the interest of a government which barely has escaped defeat. His badinage is as inferior in substance as Mr. Davitt's extravagant rant about hoary-headed sinners against popular liberties, and is as little likely to deceive the

The Standard says it believes that if the employers' liability bill is abandoned it is probable that a measure will be introduced shortly by the Unionists founded on a broad basis. It will favor the compensation of all injuries by accident or negligence of workingmen, and will protect and encourage voluntary funds.

BOMB THROWER IDENTIFIED. His Name Is Emile Henry, and He

Comes from a Bad Family.

PARIS, Feb. 14.-The police announce that it seems to be definitely established that the Hotel Terminus bomb thrower is Emile Henry, and that he was born at Barcelona, Spain, on Sept. 26, 1872, of French parents. The police add that they have been aware of his presence in Paris since Jan. 18, and that he had lived in London for a few weeks previous to coming to this city. He is a brother of Fortune Henry, who is now undergoing a term of imprisonment at Clairvaux for inciting to murder. They are the sons of a man of the name of Henry, who was a member of the commune, and who was sentenced to death in contumaciam, being absent from court when his trial was called. He had fled the country and afterward died in Spain. The Anarchist Sebastien Faure. Vaillant's friend, was at Clairvaux at the same time Fortune Henry, over whom time. Faure used to gather around him the Anarchist prisoners and harangue them. The Journal publishes a description from Algiers to-day, saying that copies of an Anarchist manifesto were found scattered in the streets of that city. The manifesto is dated London, and is headed: "Carnot, the

Republic, and was signed by a group of Fears of Servian Radicals. LONDON, Feb. 14 .- A dispatch to the Telegraph from Belgrade says that a royal decree has been issued summoning the reserves to assemble on Feb. 21 for a threeweeks' drill. The Radicals believe that a coup d'etat is being prepared for March 6. the anniversary of the proclamation of the King. Ex-King Milan's influence with the

Murderer." The manifesto contained threats

to assassinate the President of the French

which is aware that the crisis will culminate in a civil war. A dispatch to the Telegraph from Vienna, says: "Roumania and Bulgaria are discuss ing the wisdom of forming a military alliance for the purpose of defense in case of atiock and of localizing the expected civil war in Servia, thus removing any pretext

for foreign intervention."

army is invaluable to the government,

British Whipped by French. PARIS, Feb. 14.-A telegram has been received here from the Governor of French Guinea, dated at Konakry, giving details regarding the second frontier engagement between the English and French. The Governor reports that the encounter took place at the mouth of the Mellacore. An English police force, he says, occupied the village of Compan, on French territory, in order to forcibly impress the natives to con-

struct roads. The Governor, in his dis-

patch, adds: "Our native troops, on arriv-

ing to protect the natives, were attacked

by the English force. One man on the

French side was wounded and five men

on the British side were killed. The crops of our traders were partly destroyed." Aid for the Lesseps Family. PARIS, Feb. 14.-At a meeting of the directors of the Suez canal, yesterday, the members of the De Lesseps family requested that the board accept the resignation of Count Ferdinand De Lesseps. The directors decided to comply with the wishes of the family and then passed resolutions

ing, be asked to provide for the family. Guichard was elected president of the

Cable Notes.

A commercial convention between France and Bolivia has been signed, by which Bolivia concedes the most favored treat-ment to France and France concedes the minimum to Bolivia. The marriage of Miss Virginia Bonynge,

daughter of Charles William Bonynge, of California, and Viscount Deerhurst, eldest son of the Earl of Coventry, will take place during the second week of March at All Saints' Church, Ennismere Gardens, Eng-

SHOT AT THE BANDITS.

Passengers on a Fort Wayne Train Refused to Be Robbed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.-Two colored highwaymen made a desperate attempt to rob the passengers in one of the day coaches of the 11:30 train on the Fort Wayne road, soon after it left the Union Depot to-night. Just as the train was about to cross the bridge at Sixteenth street, where the engineer is required to run slowly, two colored men entered a day coach. A passenger who was in a seat near the door and who was on his way to Valparaise, Ind., was struck by one of the men a violent blow on the head, while the other began to go through his pockets. A dozen passengers witnessed the assault and went to the assistance of the Valparaiso man. The two colored desperadoes flourished their revolvers and fired several shots into the top of the car. Two of the passengers then drew their revolvers and fired at the two highwaymen and it is believed one of them was wounded. As soon as the passengers began to make use of their revolvers the two negroes sprang off the train. No arrests have yet been made.

IOWA BANK LOOTED.

Less Than \$100,000 Assets to Pay Liabilities of \$515,000.

ATLANTIC, Ia., Feb. 14.-It is announced that the liabilities of the Cass County Bank are \$515,000 and the assets less than \$100,000, with preferred claims of about \$25,000. Depositors will receive about 5 cents on the dollar. The excitement over the report is intense and the farmers in town are worked up to the pitch of taking the law into their

Charles Foster's Affairs.

TIFFIN, O., Feb. 14.-Messrs. Doolittle and Limbeck, the Cleveland experts who have been investigating the affairs of Hon. Charles Foster, filed a report with the committee to-day, but the matter is being kept secret and will not be made public. The report covers the past ten years of the transactions of the banking house of Foster & Co. The committee-A. J. Wilson, James L. Mackey and Ira Cadwallader-who are well-known business men of Fostoria, represent the creditors of Foster & Co., and will hold the report, hoping by it to influence Mr. Foster to make a settlement. In no case will they make it public while certain suits, brought by individual creditors of Foster, are pending in the court of this county. It is rumored that a Cincinnati expert has been employed, and that another examination of the books, covering the entire twenty-two years of the life of the bank, will be made.

Ex-Governor Foster's assignee to-day made public a statement. It shows the liabilities of Foster & Co. are \$790,201.64; assets, \$88,892.60; real value of assets, \$43,310.85. Charles Foster's liabil. les are placed at \$198,773.13; net assets, \$115,486.58.

Other Business Troubles.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Feb. 14.-The Burlington Fire and Tornado Insurance Company, doing a business of \$28,000,000, assigned to-night. Bad risks in Texas and southern points are said to be the cause. No statement was made to-night and but little information can be obtained.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 14.-The American National Bank was closed to-day by order of the Controller of the Currency. Its capital stock is \$200,000, but it is not an important bank, the deposits being less than TORONTO, O., Feb. 14.-The Toronto

Banking Company has just paid, its first dividend of 25 per cent. to its creditors. The creditors are promised 100 cents on the

OBITUARY. Judge W. R. Wagstaff, Once a Promi-

nent Politician of Kansas. PAOLA, Kan., Feb. 14.—Judge W. R. Wagstaff, one of the oldest and best known among Kansas lawyers and Democrats, died at his home here to-day.

Judge Wagstaff went to Kansas in 1867, and was the Union candidate for Governor, with John J. Ingalis for Lieutenant Governor, in 1862. He was chairman of the board managing the impeachment proceedings brought against Governor Robinson and Treasurer Hayes in 1861, and was elected district judge in 1881.

Col. J. D. Stevenson.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.-Col. J. D. Stevenson, who came to California in 1837, and headed the regiment of New York volunteers which came to this State during the Mexican war, died to-night, aged ninety-four. Up to a few weeks ago Colonel Stevenson was in good health, but he has been gradually growing feebler from the effects of an attack of grip.

Other Deaths. CHICAGO, Feb. 14.-Mrs. Myra Bradwell died to-day after a long illness. Mrs. Bradwell was the proprietor of the Chicago Le-News and the first woman in the United States to be admitted to the bar. The Sister of Charity Alvina, who contracted smallpox while caring for the patients at the pesthouse, died last night after a week's illness. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Feb. 14.-

Governor Carvvell, of this province, died to-day.

May Not Accept the Cut.

CLEVELAND, Feb., 14.-A prominent coal operator of the Massillon district, speaking of the 121/2 cents cut in miners' wages, to-day said there was very little likelihood that the miners would accept the reduction, which was decided upon last week by the operators. If the cut was not accepted the mines would be shut down next Sat-Faure had great influence, was serving his | urday night, a lockout ensuing, which would perhaps continue for six months. "They are a set of determined men." said, referring to the miners, "and they seem to be ready for a prolonged struggle. On the other hand the operators cannot continue to run the mines at a loss. They can better afford to suspend work for a long time than to give in." About four thousand men have been affected by the

United States Field Trials.

GRAND JUNCTION, Tenn., Feb. 14.— The United States field trials to-day were stopped at the end of Pointer derby, which was run as follows: Thalia beat Leona. Beryl and Markel both poor and out of contest. Blue Ridge Mark and San Antonio were given a new trial. Six dogs were continued in second series. Topsy's Rod defeated Allene. Ightfield's Rosalie beat Topaz. Only one brace was called for the third series. Bessie Shoupe and Ightfield's Rosalie ran about evenly. The judge's de-cision was Topsy's Rod first, Allene second, Bessie Shoupe and Ightfield's Rosalie divide

Ruled Out a Republican.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Feb. 14.-Frank C. McGurrin, who has been the official reporter of the Third district for several years, was ruled out of a competitive examination held to-day for the purpose of making a reappointment for no other reason, it is alleged, than that he is a Republican. He will contest the matter in the courts. His efficiency is so great that it is said he would easily have beaten all competitors.

Cannot Restore Wages.

NASHVILL,E Feb. 14.-Committees representing three separate organizations of railway workmen held a three hours' conference with President Thomas, of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad, to-day in reference to restoration of wages. No result was reached. President Thomas told them there could be no restoration of wages until business became better. No trouble is anticipated.

St. Clair County Judge Dying. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 14.-Judge Nevitt, of St. Clair county, returned to-day from his home, where he had been on a parole granted by Judge Phillips, of the United States Court. Judge Copenhaver is very sick at his home, and it is probable that

of all courts.

his next parole will come from the highest

INCENDIARISM MORE

Another Attempt to Burn the World's Fair Buildings.

Part of the Colonnade Between Machinery Hall and the Agricultural Building Destroyed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.-Incendiaries made another attempt to destroy the world's fair buildings to-day. At 11 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the colonnade between the Agricultural Building and Machinery Hall. It gained headway rapidly, and the fire department of the district was massed it the point of damage. The fire started near the point at which the firemen made a flerce fight against the flames last week. When first seen flames were crawling up the pillars. Quickly they mounted higher, and the fire grew hotter and more dangerous. The first alarm was soon followed by a second call, but before additional engines reached the burning structure its destruction and that of the large buildings adjoining on either side were threatened. Another call was sent out and all the available engines in Woodlawn and Hyde Park were soon hurrying to the scene. Drifted snow in the grounds made the work of the firemen slow, and before sufficient streams were directed towards the burning structure its timbers were cracking in a rapidlyspreading blaze.

Starting at a point nearly back of the Egyptian obelisk, the fire spread east and west through the colonnade, covering a distance of eighty feet. The light woodwork offered little resistance to the flames, and the pillars and ornate roof decorations along the colonnade were soon in ruins. Three groups of animals in statuary, standing on the roof, were burned. Twenty firemen were in the end part of the colonnade, when Fire Marshal O'Malley, fearing that the central portion of the structure would fall, ordered them out. They had hardly drawn away from the place when the top of the colonnade was seen to rock for a moment, and the same instant it fell, crashing to the ground and carrying with it the magnificent quadriga by Wagner that adorned the central part of the colonnade. Manager Graham, of the grounds and buildings, directed that the smaller colonnades connecting Machinery Hall and the Agricultural Building be destroyed to keep the flames from reaching these buildings. The fire was practically extinguished before 2 o'clock. Sixty feet of the colonnade was destroyed, and Assembly Hall and Professor Millet's studio were damaged, but left standing.

It was difficult to move the heavy fire engines, and the lines of hose were clogged in the snow. The engines drew a water supply from the canal, and no difficulty in this supply was encountered. Shortage of coal, however, was some disadvantage, as the supply wagons made slow trips. Firemen and fair officers agree that the fire was of incendiary origin. They regard it as another attempt of the kind made so frequently recently.

Other Fires. CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—A five-story building at Nos. 236 and 238 Monroe street was cleaned out by fire to-night. The Chicago Toy and Fancy Goods Company suffered a loss of \$25,000 and the Calumet Wall Paper Company lost \$50,000. Both concerns were fully insured.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 14.-One of the dormitories at the Rosebud Indian agency in South Dakota was burned to-day. Loss, \$50,000. The building was erected in 1889 and accommodated 200 children, some of whom narrowly escaped with their lives.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 14.-Fire to-day at the oil warehouse of P. H. Preston & Co., caused a loss of \$200,000 worth of linseed oil. The elevators and mills of the firm were destroyed. No insurance, SARCOXIE, O. T., Feb. 14.—Fire, starting about midnight, destroyed the entire west side of the city square. Loss, \$60,000, with little insurance.

THE M'KANE JURY OUT.

Still Deliberating on a Verdict Last Midnight-Possible Disagreement.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 14.-Ex-Secretary Benjamin E. Tracy summed up the evidence in the McKane case for the prosecution this afternoon. Justice Bartlett then charged the jury, and they retired at 3:30 o'clock. The judge agreed to wait in the courthouse until 11 o'clock to-night to receive a verdict if one had been decided upon by that hour. When 11 o'clock arrived the judge was informed that there was a possibility of the jury arriving at a decision by midnight, and he accordingly decided to wait until that time before going home. At midnight he again took his place upon the bench. The court room was

packed with spectators, who showed the utmost interest in the proceedings. Judge Bartlett, as soon as he had taken his seat, ordered that the accused should be produced in court. A long delay followed, and it was fully forty minutes before Sher-iff Butling arrived in the court room with John McKane. The judge was informed that the jury had not arrived at a verdict. He then ordered the jury to be locked up for the night, and told Sheriff Butling to be present in the court room at 9:30 to-morrow with McKane. All sorts of rumors were affeat throughout the night as to how the jury stood. It seemed to be believed that a majority were in favor of acquittal It was said on the authority of a person who pretended to know what he was talk-ing about, that there were eight members of the jury in favor of acquittal and four

in favor of conviction. IS HOLMAN A TRICKSTER? Opinion of a Chicago Editor on Our "Watch Deg."

Chicago Journal. It appears that the salvation of the Democratic host in the Fourth Indiana district depends upon Objector Holman. So, at any rate, writes a mossback correspondent who claims to have studied the situation thoroughly. He thinks that if the objectors to the objector within the Bourbon ranks should succeed in preventing the renomina tion of the venerable member from Aurora it would be their last as well as their first success, and would result in a great political cataclysm.

The Republicans of the glorious Fourth are said by the same authority to be in good fighting trim, fully prepared, in fact, to defeat any candidate of the opposition, except Holman, with ex-Governor William Cumback, who is so strong that he would "divide the Methodist vote" in a contest against the great objector himself, who has hitherto controlled it absolutely. From which we judge that politics in the Fourth district is peculiar. We have heard of a German vote, an Irish vote, a Protestant vote and a Catholic vote, but never before of a Methodist vote as a determining factor in Congressional elections. Are we to understand that Brother Holman sits as a Methodist and that his views of national policy are those of the Methodist party? Surely this would be too severe a reflection upon the church.

No, it is as an economist that the old man keeps his hold upon his rural constituents. From the time that rosy-tipped Aurora, daughter of the dawn, sends him forth upon his campaigns until he returns he preaches retrenchment-retrenchment that is for the other States and other districts. Anything for Aurora and the circumjacent country goes. It is a simple trick that has helped many a statesman into prominence.

Spurting Oil in Kansas.

NEODESHA, Kan., Feb. 14.-Of the twenty or more oil wells drilled at this city the most promising yet developed was "shot" yesterony afternoon. The well is known as the Kimball No. 2, and is located about a mile northwest of the city. It spurts a stream of pure oil full seventy-five feet high Although previous shootings have occurred. in which as much force was exhibited. none of the wells have thrown out as much petroleum. Its capacity is estimated at 500 barrels daily.

Movements of Steamers.

LONDON, Feb. 14 .- The Anchor line steamer Ethiopia, waica left New York Fet. 3 for Glasgow, arrived at Lough Foyle this evening. During the storm of Sunday the steamer labored heavily A Scot hr.an of the name of Scott was thrown from his berth and landed on his head. He died soon NEW YORK, Feb. 14 .- Arrived: Bovic,

from Liver; ool.

Four-Handed Game of Billiards. BOSTON, Feb. 14.-At Bumstead Hall, this evening, an exhibition game of fourhanded billiards for 190 points was played, with Schaefer and Spinks on one side and Ives and Kendrick on the other. The game, Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report



ABSOLUTELY PURE

from their partners, though Spinks far out-shone Kendrick. The final score was 40 to

KNOWN AS LOUISE WILSON.

Testimony Concerning Madeline Pollard's Stay in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 14.-Late to-night Charles H. Stohl, attorney for Congressman Breckinridge, and Charles Breckinridge, son of the defendant, were seen regarding depositions being taken in the Breckinridge-Pollard case at foundling houses. Mrs. Cane testified to the women being at her house in June under the name of Louise Wilson. She was accompanied by Dr. Bell Buchanan. A child was born before she came to her house. The woman claimed to have been terribly bled by a female doctor called Dr. Street. On recovering, the woman went to the hotel to get money with which she settled all bills. Mrs. Cane recognized Louise Wilson and Madeline Pollard as the same person. When asked why she did not marry the man, she told Mrs. Cane he had asked her to marry, bue she hated the old fool. Mrs. Cane says Miss Pollard looks now just as she did then, has changed little in nine years. Mrs. Buchanan, formerly a partner of

Mrs. Dr. Perry, now Mrs. Cane, testified to Mrs. Dr. Street bringing Louise Wilson to their house and she recognized her now as the same person-Madeline Pollard. She had changed little since the spring of 1885. She was very weak when they first helped her up stairs. Dr. Buchanan treated her. Dr. Street told them the child had been born at Bond Hill Foundling Asylum. Mrs. Logan testified that a young woman the winter of 1884-85, introducing herself as Mrs. Burgoine. She wanted Mrs. Logan, then Mrs. Street, to attend her at St. Joseph's Foundling Asylum, Bond Hill. She afterward visited her in some house on Seventh street. The woman changed her name when she went to the asylum. She was attended, during confinement, by Dr. De-Courcy, and afterward by witness. Mrs. Logan says the woman was taken from the asylum to Buchanan's and not to Mrs. Cane's house, and she is not sure that the woman was Miss Poliard.

THE NEW STAR IN NORMA.

Its Size and Other Features Described by Professor Holden.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Feb. 14.-This information concerning the new star in Norma has been furnished the Associated Press by Professor Holden, of Lick Observatory: "The new star in Norma discovered by photograph by the Harvard College expedition to Peru has been too close to the sun

to be seen until this morning. It was observed just before sunrise by Professor Campbell at the Lick Observatory. Its magnitude is 914 or 10. Its spectrum consists of four bright lines on a continuous spectrum. The relative intensities and positions of the lines are identical with those of the four bright lines in the spectrum of the new star in Auriga, in August, 1892. The spectrum is, therefore, that of a nebulae.'

Brave Love. He'd nothing but his violin; I'd nothing but my song-But we were wed when skies were blue And summer days were long: And when we rested by the hedge The robins came and told How they had dared to woo and win When early spring was cold. We sometimes supped on dewberries, Or slept among the hay-But oft the farmers' wives at eve Come out to hear us play The rare old tunes-the dear old tunes!-We could not starve for long

While my man had his violin And I my sweet love song. The world has aye gone well with us, Old man, since we were one!-Our homeless wandering down the lanes-It long ago was done: But those who wait for gold or gear-For houses or for kine, Till youth's sweet spring grows brown

and sere, And love and beauty pine, Will never know the joy of hearts That met without a fear, When you had but your violin And I a song, my dear.

-Mary Kyle Dallas.

Disgracing His Office. Philadelphia Inquirer. Unquestionably the nominee (Peckham) is

a competent man. We fancy that there will be little opposition to him on that ground, but the appointment was made by the President for the sole purpose of revenging him-self upon a United States Senator. In other words, this Supreme Court vacancy has been used as a cudgel in the hands of a President to satisfy a personal grudge, to the scandal of the administration and to the humiliation of the Nation. A President of the United States ought to be above per ty political differences, but it seems Mr. Cleveland is not. There is many a learned jurist who would be an ornament and an addition to the bench, but it must needs be that the President must go down into the gutter of partisan politics and grope his way in the mire. Mr. Peckham ought to be rejected for this reason and as a rebuke to the President. Whether he will be is another matter.

Pen Pictures of the "Stuffed." New York Sun.

Now he stands with angry face and arm upraised, ready to let the whiplash descend upon the Senate of the United States. His neck is red and swollen, and the blood or the sawdust seems about to burst through the tissues. "It is my will," he says to the Eighty-ive. "Crawl ye! Obey me, and confirm my man Peckham. Is the attitude heroic or ridiculous? That depends entirely upon the Senate of the United States.

The Presidential Peddler. Philadelphia Inquirer.

There must be some error in the report that the President is so hard pressed by office seekers that he cannot find time to attend to more important matters. It is not the office seekers who are doing the pressing now. The President, in his efforts to secure approval of his policy in Hawaii, to pass the Wilson bill and to force Mr. Peckham's confirmation, has been the solicitor, and there is Democratic authority for the charge.

Prendergast Case Postponed Again. CHICAGO, Feb. 14.-Arguments on the question of a new trial for Prendergust, the slayer of Mayor Harrison, were postponed to-day before Judge Bretano, owing to a disagreement of counsel. Prendergast appeared in court in much better physical condition than at the time of the trial, but

appeared extremely nervous and ill at ease.

Chicago Darkened by Smoke. CHICAGO, Feb. 14.-For a time to-day the city was in darkness. The seventy-toeighty-miles-an-hour gale of the blizzard had given place to almost absolute stiliness in the atmosphere. The smoke which poured out of the chimneys seemed to settle in the streets, shutting out the light and making

Grover's Idea. Louisville Commercial.

gas and electric illumination necessary.

Workingman-Say, boss, how's this tax on incomes goin' to affect us workingmen? Grover-Not at all, sir; not all. You won't have any income to be taxed. No incomeno tax. Beautiful system. Catches me heavy, though,

Showalter Won Again.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14 .- In the third game for the chess championship of the United States between A. B. Hodges and Jackson W. Showalter, a French defense adopted by Hodges resulted in another victory for Mr. Showalter. The score: Showalter, 2; Hodges, 0; drawn, 1.

All Democrats.

Philadelphia Press. There is a good deal of talk among foolish people about the Sugar Trust being a Republican institution, and some people in Washington say that it must be overthrown

ENGLISH'S - SPECIAL

BUY SEATS And Friday and Saturday NOW

TO-NIGHT.

Only Matinee, Saturday Feb. 17. Original Cast and Company from THE CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE.

American Extravaganza Co.

Or the Maid of Balsora. MR. DAVID HENDERSON - - Sole Manager AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA PRESENTED SPECIAL ELECTRIC EFFECTS MAGNIFICENT BALLETS. CHICAGO DURING

GORGEOUS PAGEANTS.
BRILLIANT SCENERY.
ARTLING NOVELTIES.
SUPERB COSTUMES. PRICES-Nights: En ire lower floor, \$1.50; first two rows balcony, \$1; remainder balcony, 75c; gallery, 25c; box seats, \$2; admission, lower floor, \$1; balcony, 50c. Matinee. Entire lower floor, \$1; first two rows balcony, 75c; remail.der, 50c; gallery, 25c;

be ordered at 1 1:45. PARK THEATER

Owing to the magnitude of the production the cur-

tain will be raised at 8 o'clock sharp. Carriage may

To-night, Friday and Saturday, Matinees daily, the comedy that pleases everybody. PECK'S BAD BOY

Everything New! Everything Bright! No plot, but

numerous catchy songs and interesting f. atures.

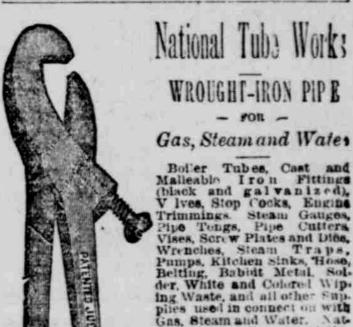
PRICES-10c, 20c, 30c

· MATINEE-10c, "Oc. Feb. 19, 20, 21-Murray and Mack in "Finnigan's EMPIRE THEATER Corner wabash and Do. 818

20 Pretty Girls, 10 Funny Comedians. Special

Scenery and Costumes. Telephone Call, 1704.

Next week-RI SSELL BROS. CO.



Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to or ler any size W eight-iron Pipe, from 12 inch to 12 inches diameter.

Knight & Jillson,

ural Gas Susplies a specia ty. Steam-heating Apparat s for Public Buildings Store-rooms,

S. PENNSYLVANIA ST. the late presidential election they put up

their own and their company's money to help elect Mr. Cleveland.

Waiting for the Opinion. New York Sun. "Is it going to snow?" the Cuckoo was asked last night. "I have had no official information on that point yet," was the answer. "Wait till the Opinion is rung up. This may be snow and it may not. By the way, there is an excellent barometer at the White House."

Gamboge Hoopoe to the Cuckoo.

"Have you put on your overshoes?" said the Gamboge Hoopoe to the Cuckoo yes-terday atternoon. The Cuckoo wagged his erday afternoon.

his feet. "No. Why should I? The Old Man hasn't been out to-day.'

head solemnly and flipped the flakes of

What They Got. Chicago Inter Ocean. Some people voted in 1892 "for Grover Cleveland and a mar w. Cleveland! Others voted squarely for the Democratic party and general good times.

Must Be on the Free List.

This is the day of chean things, but the cheapest thing of all is talk. That the Senate should act promptly is next in importance as to how it acts.

They got the Damocratic party.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Child Scalded with Coffee. Little Bessie Miles, daughter of Charles Miles, the restaurant keeper, at No. 111 East Washington street, was badly scalded with hot coffee last night. The victim is but five years old and very slight. Her mother was carrying a coffee urn across the floor and accidentally stumbled over the child. The contents of the vezsel, scalding hot, were poured over the head and shoulders of her daughter. Although not fatally injured her burns are very dangerous. Dr. Greeg was salmooned at and somewhat relieved the intense suffering

of the victim. Cross on the Moon.

Persons who were awake about 2 o'clock this morning witnessed a very peculiar appearance of the moon. It was in the northwest heavens and about half way between the zenith and the horizon. At this time it seemed to form the center of a perfect cross. Shoeting upward and downward was a broad sheet of mellow light and extending in each direction was another. The of the moon was also peculiar. It looked very much as if it had been struck with a club.

A KNIFE

in the hand of a Surgeon gives you a feeling of horror and dread. There is no longer necessity for its use in many discases formerly regarded as incurable without cutting.

The Triumph of Conservative Surgery is well illustrated by the RUPTURE or Breach, is now radteally cured without the knife and without

pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses can be thrown away! They never cure but often induce inammation, strangulation and death. TUMORS Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and inany others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations.

PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula other diseases of the lower bowel, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife.

STONE in the Bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in

Send 10 cents to O. W. Ruggles, G. P. and T. Agent, Michigan Central, Chicago, and he will furnish you with the first part.

Ives and Remains of the family and then passed resolutions that Count Ferdinand, in future, should be will furnish you with the first part.

Ives and Remains of the family and then passed resolutions that Count Ferdinand, in future, should be will furnish you with the first part.

Ives and Remains of the family and then passed resolutions to injure the Republican party. All the people connected with the American Sugar to World's Dispensary Medical Association, one. The big players received but little help to company are sound Democrats, and at No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.